Burden of disease and EU legislation

Is research guiding policymaking?





José Chen-Xu^{1,2}, Diana A Grad³, Orsolya Varga^{4,5}, and Susana Viegas¹

1 National School of Public Health, Comprehensive Health Research Centre, NOVA University of Lisbon, Lisbon, Portugal; 2 Public Health Unit, Local Health Unit Baixo Mondego, Figueira da Foz, Portugal; 3 Department of Public Health, Faculty of Political, Administrative and Communication Sciences, Babeş-Bolyai, Cluj-Napoca, Romania; 4 Syreon Research Institute, Budapest, Hungary; 5 Department of Public Health and Epidemiology, Faculty of Medicine, University of Debrecen, Hungary

01 INTRODUCTION

METHODS

02

- The burden of disease (BoD) methodology supports evidence-based policymaking.
- No available information regarding the use of BoD metrics for the development of European Union (EU) law.

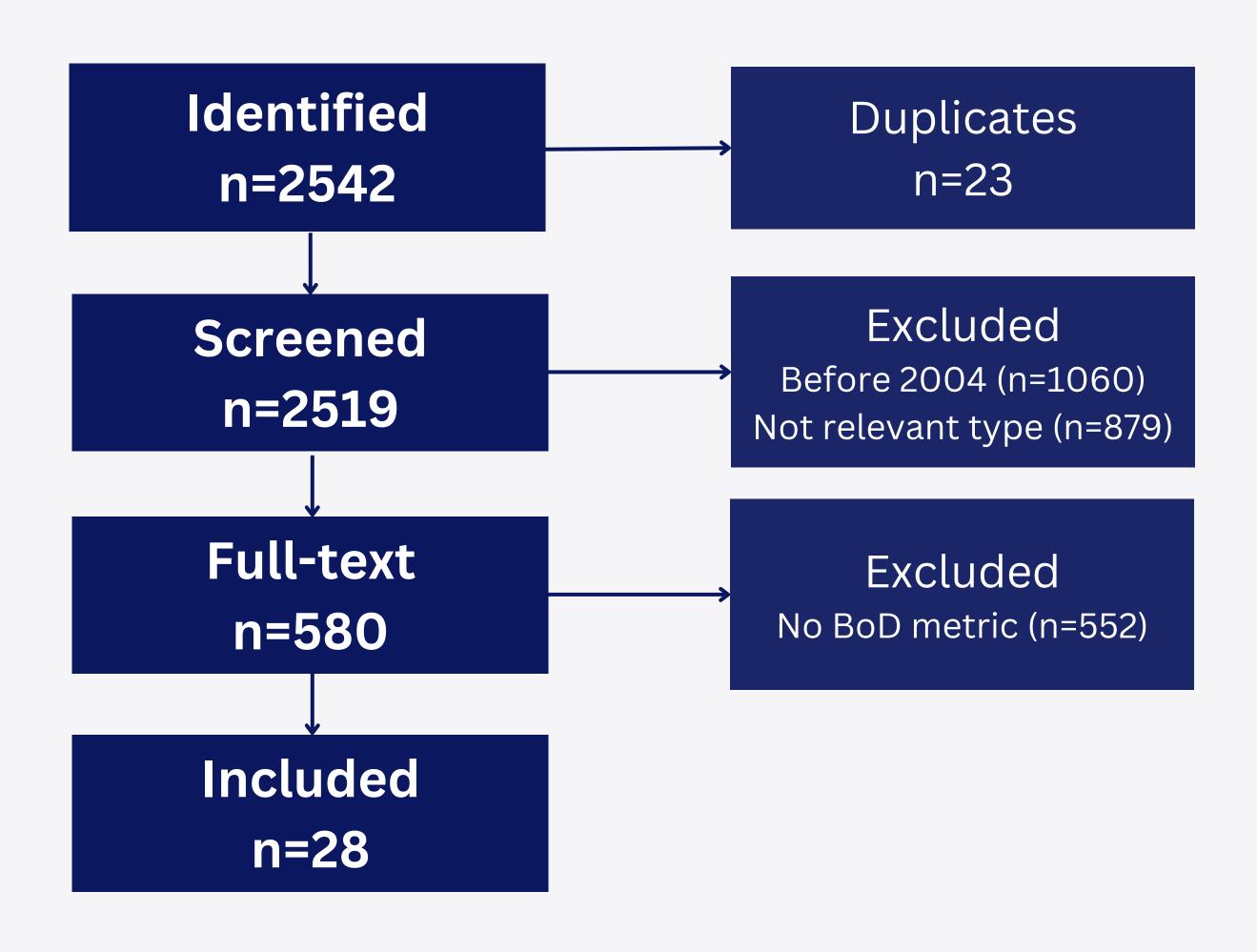
AIM To describe the use of BoD metrics in European legislation.

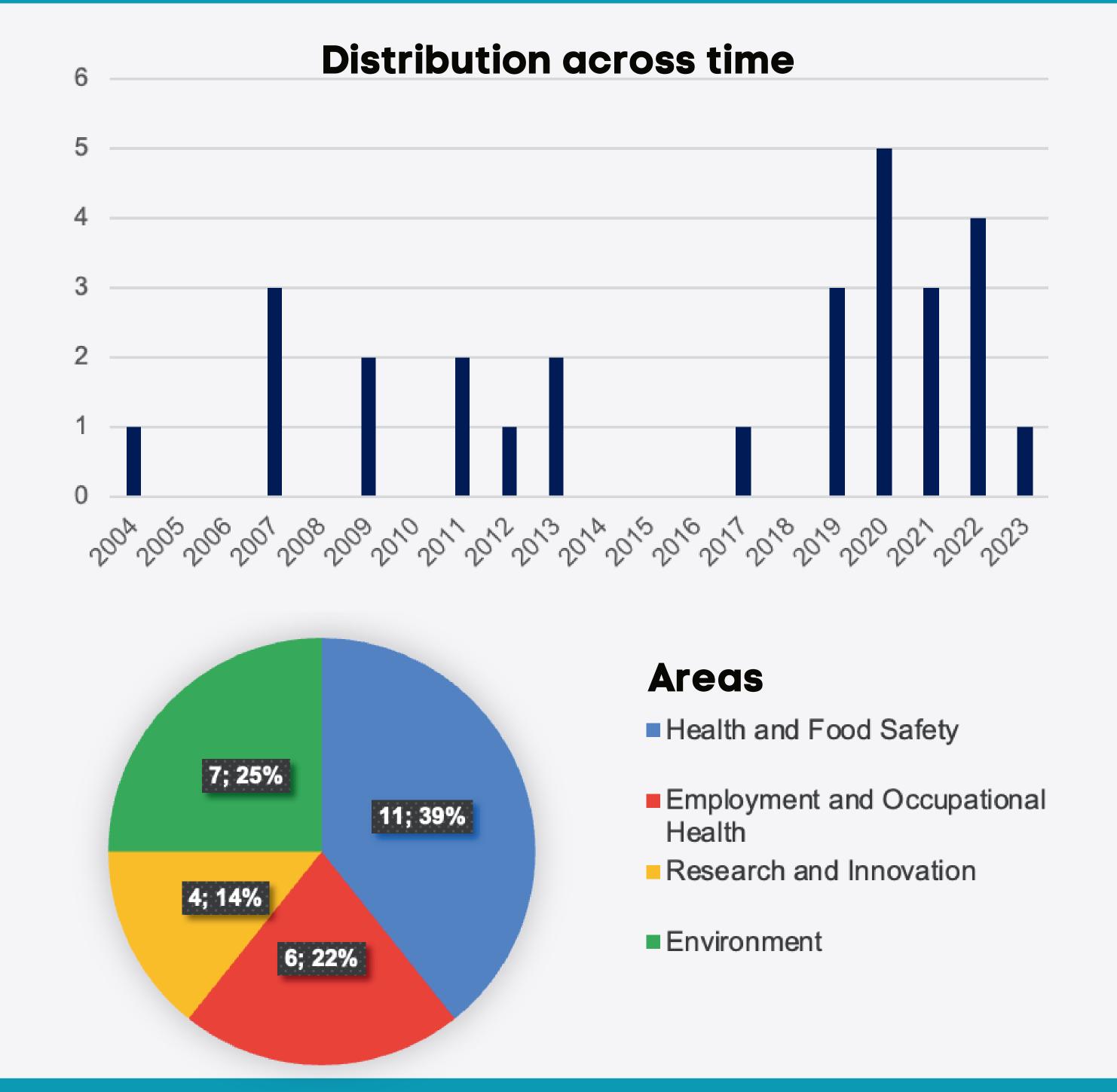


- Published: 01/01/2004-02/12/2023
- Accounting for EU25
- **Search terms**: "disability-adjusted life year" OR "DALY" OR "YLL" OR "YLD" OR "years of life lost" OR "years lost due to disability" OR "years lived with disability"
- Inclusion criterion: presence of BoD Metrics

O3 RESULTS

Flowchart with selection of papers





04 CONCLUSIONS

- Burden of disease methods are used in different EU regulatory frameworks
- The findings suggest a limited implementation of the BoD methodology in EU policy
- Further BoD studies should focus on policy translation and improving dissemination efforts